## UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

<b>FORM</b>	10-Q
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(Ma ⊠	rk One) QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
	For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2005
	or
	TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
	For the transition period fromto
	Commission File Number: 0-19582
	OLD DOMINION FREIGHT LINE, INC. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)
	VIRGINIA (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)  56-0751714 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
	500 Old Dominion Way Thomasville, NC 27360 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)
	(336) 889-5000 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)
	Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities nange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ⊠ No □
Act)	Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange . Yes ⊠ No □
	Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes $\Box$ No $\boxtimes$
	As of November 8, 2005, there were 24,856,485 shares of the registrant's Common Stock (\$0.10 par value) outstanding.

#### PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

#### **Item 1. Financial Statements**

### OLD DOMINION FREIGHT LINE, INC. BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands, except share data)	September 30, 2005 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2004
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,403	\$ 742
Customer receivables, less allowances of \$9,033 and \$8,109, respectively	124,137	94,495
Other receivables	2,442	2,753
Tires on equipment	12,928	10,551
Prepaid expenses	14,264	14,238
Deferred income taxes	5,612	4,602
Total current assets	165,786	127,381
Property and equipment:		
Revenue equipment	387,487	311,405
Land and structures	215,920	198,194
Other fixed assets	97,654	84,941
Leasehold improvements	1,561	1,103
Total property and equipment	702,622	595,643
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(252,443)	(232,375)
Net property and equipment	450,179	363,268
Other assets	24,123	18,928
Total assets	\$ 640,088	\$ 509,577

Note: The Balance Sheet at December 31, 2004 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date, but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for complete financial statements.

# OLD DOMINION FREIGHT LINE, INC. BALANCE SHEETS (CONTINUED)

(In thousands, except share data)	September 30, 2005 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2004
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 35,679	\$ 25,300
Compensation and benefits	28,913	21,323
Claims and insurance accruals	26,657	22,051
Other accrued liabilities	9,599	6,586
Income taxes payable	2,498	1,374
Current maturities of long-term debt	19,124	22,030
Total current liabilities	122,470	98,664
Long-term liabilities:		
Long-term debt	120,505	57,424
Other non-current liabilities	25,227	22,646
Deferred income taxes	41,114	39,315
Tradition and United States	10( 04(	110 205
Total long-term liabilities	186,846	119,385
Total liabilities	309,316	218,049
Shareholders' equity:		
Common stock - \$0.10 par value, 70,000,000 shares authorized, 24,856,485 and 24,845,235 shares		
outstanding at September 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004, respectively	2,486	2,485
Capital in excess of par value	92,137	92,088
Retained earnings	236,149	196,955
Total shareholders' equity	330,772	291,528
Commitments and contingencies		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 640,088	\$ 509,577

Note: The Balance Sheet at December 31, 2004 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date, but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for complete financial statements.

## OLD DOMINION FREIGHT LINE, INC. STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(Unaudited)

		Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,				
(In thousands, except share and per share data)		2005		2004		2005		2004
Revenue from operations	<u> </u>	275,076	\$	215,117	\$	776,192	\$	600,015
Operating expenses:								
Salaries, wages and benefits		148,659		120,674		426,516		344,394
Operating supplies and expenses		41,929		26,360		112,627		70,174
General supplies and expenses		8,153		7,062		24,185		20,658
Operating taxes and licenses		9,865		7,891		28,730		22,870
Insurance and claims		6,768		6,172		23,083		18,864
Communications and utilities		3,016		2,988		9,396		8,279
Depreciation and amortization		14,716		11,536		40,714		33,038
Purchased transportation		8,505		7,859		25,744		21,099
Building and office equipment rents		2,406		1,915		6,839		5,608
Miscellaneous expenses, net	_	2,290		1,143		7,088		3,712
Total operating expenses		246,307		193,600		704,922		548,696
Operating income		28,769		21,517		71,270		51,319
Other deductions:								
Interest expense, net		1,767		1,290		4,905		4,053
Other expense, net		311		97		714		475
Total other deductions		2,078		1,387		5,619		4,528
Income before income taxes		26,691		20,130		65,651		46,791
Provision for income taxes		10,756		7,915		26,457		18,403
Net income	\$	15,935	\$	12,215	\$	39,194	\$	28,388
	_		•		_		•	
Basic and diluted earnings per share:	\$	0.64	\$	0.50	\$	1.58	\$	1.17
Weighted average shares outstanding:								
Basic		4,847,436		4,600,431		4,845,969		4,261,022
Diluted	2	4,848,697	2	4,616,231	2	4,852,829	2	4,279,666

## OLD DOMINION FREIGHT LINE, INC. STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

	Common Stock		ommon Stock Capital in			
(In thousands)	Shares	Amount	excess of par value	Retained earnings	Total	
Balance as of December 31, 2003	24,089	\$2,409	\$72,169	\$157,963	\$232,541	
Net income	_	_	_	38,992	38,992	
Sale of common stock	736	74	19,679	_	19,753	
Exercise of common stock options	20	2	169	_	171	
Tax benefit from exercise of common stock options	_	_	71	_	71	
Balance as of December 31, 2004	24,845	2,485	92,088	196,955	291,528	
Net income (Unaudited)		_	_	39,194	39,194	
Exercise of common stock options (Unaudited)	11	1	49	_	50	
Balance as of Sept. 30, 2005 (Unaudited)	24,856	\$2,486	\$92,137	\$236,149	\$330,772	

Note: The Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity includes information derived from the audited financial statements as of December 31, 2004, but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for complete financial statements.

## OLD DOMINION FREIGHT LINE, INC. STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited)

	Nine Mont Septemb	
(In thousands, except supplemental disclosure)	2005	2004
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 39,194	\$ 28,388
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	40,714	33,038
Loss (gain) on sale of property and equipment	895	(385)
Changes in assets and liabilities:		, ,
Customer and other receivables, net	(29,222)	(20,731)
Tires on equipment	(2,377)	(1,371)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	469	2,196
Accounts payable	10,379	13,877
Compensation, benefits and other accrued liabilities	10,404	8,582
Claims and insurance accruals	6,445	6,731
Deferred income tax	789	7,603
Income taxes payable	1,124	(1,736)
Other liabilities	621	843
Net cash provided by operating activities	79,435	77,035
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchase of property and equipment	(119,456)	(79,879)
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment	3,438	1,463
Acquisition of business assets, net	(15,355)	_
,		
Net cash used for investing activities	(131,373)	(78,416)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	75,834	815
Principal payments under long-term debt agreements	(21,001)	(20,738)
Net proceeds from revolving line of credit	3,167	3,500
Proceeds from the issuance of stock		19,754
Other financing activities, net	(401)	93
Net cash provided by financing activities	57,599	3,424
rect cash provided by intalients activities		
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	5,661	2,043
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	742	1,051
Cash and Cash equivalents at organising of period		1,031
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 6,403	\$ 3,094
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#### Supplemental disclosure of noncash investing and financing activities:

We acquired \$2,175,000 of property and equipment through capital leases during the nine-month period ended September 30, 2005.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

#### Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The financial statements were consolidated for all periods prior to June 30, 2005 and include the accounts of Old Dominion Freight Line, Inc. and its then-wholly owned and sole subsidiary. All significant intercompany balances and transactions were eliminated in consolidation. The subsidiary was dissolved on a voluntary basis by its Board of Directors without an income statement impact and its assets were transferred to the Company effective June 30, 2005.

The accompanying unaudited, interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for interim financial information and, in management's opinion, contain all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring items) necessary for a fair presentation, in all material respects, of the financial position and results of operations for the periods presented. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for complete financial statements.

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions. Such estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The results of operations for the interim periods ended September 30, 2005 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2005.

The financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related footnotes, which appear in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004. For comparability, certain reclassifications were made to conform prior-period financial statements to the current presentation.

There have been no significant changes in the accounting principles and policies, long-term contracts, or estimates inherent in the preparation of the financial statements of Old Dominion Freight Line, Inc. or significant changes in our commitments and contingencies as previously described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004, other than the changes described in this quarterly report. As set forth below, however, we have enhanced the tires on equipment disclosure.

Unless the context requires otherwise, references in these Notes to "Old Dominion", the "Company", "we", "us" and "our" refer to Old Dominion Freight Line, Inc.

#### Tires on Equipment

The cost of original and replacement tires mounted on equipment is recorded in tires on equipment and amortized based on usage determined by periodic samplings of tread depth.

#### Common Stock Split

On April 20, 2004, the Board of Directors approved a three-for-two common stock split for shareholders of record as of the close of business on May 6, 2004. On May 20, 2004, those shareholders received one additional share of common stock for every two shares owned. All references in this report to shares outstanding, weighted average shares outstanding and earnings per share amounts have been restated retroactively for this stock split.

On October 31, 2005, the Board of Directors approved a three-for-two common stock split, which will be effected for shareholders of record as of the close of business on November 16, 2005. On November 30, 2005, those shareholders will receive one additional share of common stock for every two shares owned. References in this report to weighted average shares outstanding and earnings per share amounts have not been restated for this stock split, as the distribution of shares will occur after the date of this report.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)

#### Earnings Per Share

Net income per common share is computed using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during each period. The effect of dilutive employee stock options is immaterial to the calculation of diluted earnings per share for the quarterly and year-to-date periods ended September 30, 2005 and 2004.

#### Stock-Based Compensation

Effective December 31, 2002, Old Dominion adopted the prospective method of transition of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 148, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation — Transition and Disclosure, an amendment of SFAS No. 123. Stock-based compensation expense for our employee stock option plan for options that were granted prior to January 1, 2003 continues to be recognized under the provisions of Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees ("APB 25"), and related interpretations. Consistent with APB 25, the exercise price of our employee stock options equals the market price of the underlying stock on the date of grant; therefore, no compensation expense is recognized. Pro forma information regarding net income and earnings per share required by SFAS No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation, as amended, is not significantly different than that determined under APB 25 and, therefore, is not presented.

On May 16, 2005, our Board of Directors approved and the Company adopted the Old Dominion Freight Line, Inc. Phantom Stock Plan (the "Phantom Stock Plan"). The maximum number of shares of phantom stock available for awards to eligible employees under the Phantom Stock Plan is 250,000, subject to any change in the outstanding shares of our common stock. Initial grants under this plan may be awarded beginning in 2006, and annually thereafter, subject to the Company meeting certain operating measures to be determined by our Board of Directors. Once granted, shares will be accounted for under SFAS 123(R), *Share-Based Payment*.

#### Recent Accounting Pronouncements

On December 16, 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued SFAS No. 123(R) which is a revision of SFAS No. 123, *Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation*. This Statement supersedes APB Opinion No. 25, *Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees*, and amends SFAS No. 95, *Statement of Cash Flows*. Generally the approach in SFAS No. 123(R) is similar to the approach described in SFAS No. 123. However, SFAS No. 123(R) requires all share-based payments to employees, including grants of employee stock options, to be recognized in the income statement based on their fair values. Pro forma disclosure is no longer an alternative.

Companies were originally required to adopt SFAS No. 123(R) no later than July 1, 2005. In April 2005, the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") issued a release amending the compliance dates for SFAS No. 123(R). Under this new rule, Old Dominion expects to adopt the modified prospective method of transition of SFAS No. 123(R) effective January 1, 2006. We do not know and cannot reasonably estimate the impact of adopting this standard on our financial position, results of operations, or cash flows due to our adoption of the Phantom Stock Plan, under which the initial grant of shares may begin in 2006 as previously described.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)

#### Note 2. Long-term Debt

Long-term debt consisted of the following:

(In thousands)	September 30, 2005	December 31, 2004
Senior notes	\$ 112,107	\$ 53,714
Revolving credit facility	20,500	17,333
Equipment and other obligations	4,381	6,729
Capitalized lease obligations	2,641	1,678
	139,629	79,454
Less current maturities	19,124	22,030
	\$ 120,505	\$ 57,424

We have four senior note agreements outstanding totaling \$112,107,000 at September 30, 2005. These notes call for periodic principal payments with maturities ranging from 2006 to 2015, of which \$14,107,000 is due in the next twelve months. Interest rates on these notes are fixed and range from 4.68% to 7.59%. The effective average interest rate on our outstanding senior note agreements was 5.43% and 6.94% at September 30, 2005 and 2004, respectively.

We entered into a senior unsecured revolving credit agreement dated September 22, 2005 with lenders consisting of Wachovia Bank, National Association; Bank of America, N.A.; and Branch Banking and Trust Company, with Wachovia as agent for the lenders. This five-year facility consists of \$110,000,000 in line of credit commitments from the lenders, all of which are available for revolving loans. In addition, of the \$110,000,000 line of credit commitments, \$65,000,000 may be used for letters of credit and \$10,000,000 may be used for borrowings under Wachovia's sweep program. The sweep program is a daily cash management tool that automatically initiates borrowings to cover overnight cash requirements up to an aggregate of \$10,000,000 or initiates overnight investments for excess cash balances. In addition, we have the right to request an increase in the line of credit commitments up to a total of \$160,000,000 in minimum increments of \$25,000,000. At our option, revolving loans under the facility bear interest at either: (a) the higher of Wachovia Bank's prime rate or the federal funds rate plus 0.5% per annum (the "Base Rate"); (b) LIBOR (one, two, three or six months) plus an applicable margin (the "Adjusted LIBOR Rate"); or (c) one-month LIBOR plus an applicable margin (the "LIBOR Index Rate"). The applicable margin varies depending upon our ratio of debt to total capitalization. In the case of the Adjusted LIBOR Rate and LIBOR Index Rate, the applicable margin ranges from 0.625% to 1.25%. The applicable margin under this facility was 0.75% for the period in effect during the third quarter of 2005. Revolving loans under the sweep program bear interest at the LIBOR Index Rate.

Commitment fees ranging from 0.125% to 0.25% are charged quarterly in arrears on the aggregate unutilized portion of the facility determined by our ratio of debt to total capitalization. Letter of credit fees equal to the applicable margin for Adjusted LIBOR Rate loans are charged quarterly in arrears on the daily average aggregate stated amount of all letters of credit outstanding during such quarter. The commitment fees and letter of credit fees were 0.15% and 0.75%, respectively, for the period the facility was in effect during the third quarter 2005. In addition, a facing fee at an annual rate of 0.125% is charged quarterly in arrears on the daily average aggregate stated amount of all letters of credit outstanding during such quarter.

The September 2005 credit facility contains customary covenants, including financial covenants that require us to observe a maximum ratio of debt to total capital and a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio. Any future wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company would be required to guarantee payment of all of our obligations under the facility. At September 30, 2005, there was \$20,500,000 outstanding on the line of credit facility and there was \$39,909,000 of outstanding letters of credit.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)

The September 2005 credit facility replaced our three-year \$80,000,000 senior unsecured revolving credit agreement dated June 30, 2003, as amended, which was terminated on September 22, 2005.

With the exception of the revolving credit agreement, interest rates are fixed on all of our debt instruments. Therefore, short-term exposure to fluctuations in interest rates is limited to our line of credit facility, which had an outstanding balance of \$20,500,000 at September 30, 2005. We do not currently use interest rate derivative instruments to manage exposure to interest rate changes. Also, we do not use fuel hedging instruments, as our tariff provisions and contracts generally allow for fuel surcharges to be implemented in the event that fuel prices exceed stipulated levels.

#### Note 3. Related Party Transactions

#### Family Relationships

Each of Earl E. Congdon, John R. Congdon, David S. Congdon, John R. Congdon, Jr. and John B. Yowell are related to one another and serves in various executive management positions and/or on our Board of Directors. In addition, except for Mr. Yowell, each of them beneficially owns 5% or more of our common stock. In 2004, we entered into employment agreements with Earl E. Congdon, John R. Congdon, David S. Congdon and John B. Yowell, which are filed as exhibits to our annual report on Form 10-K. We regularly disclose the amount of compensation that we pay to these individuals in the proxy statement for our annual meeting of shareholders.

#### Split-Dollar Life Insurance Policies

We are the owner of two split-dollar life insurance contracts insuring the life of John R. Congdon. The net cash surrender value for these policies of \$1,762,000 is included in "Other Assets" at September 30, 2005. These policies provided for \$4,298,000 in net death benefits due to the Company at September 30, 2005, for which we have endorsed \$2,000,000 to Mr. Congdon's spouse.

#### Note 4. Commitments and Contingencies

We are involved in various legal proceedings and claims that have arisen in the ordinary course of our business that have not been fully adjudicated. Many of these are covered in whole or in part by insurance. Our management does not believe that these actions, when finally concluded, will have a significant adverse effect upon our financial position or results of operations.

#### Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Unless the context requires otherwise, references in this report to "Old Dominion", the "Company", "we", "us" and "our" refer to Old Dominion Freight Line, Inc.

#### Overview

We are a leading non-union less-than-truckload ("LTL") multi-regional motor carrier providing timely one-to-five day service among five regions in the United States and next-day and second-day service within these regions. Through our four branded product groups, OD-Domestic, OD-Expedited, OD-Global and OD-Technology, we offer an expanding array of innovative products and services. At September 30, 2005, we provided full-state coverage to 33 of the 44 states that we served directly within the Southeast, South Central, Northeast, Midwest and West regions of the country. In the first quarter of 2005, we expanded our operations into our 41st state, Nebraska, and initiated full-state coverage in Kansas and Iowa as a result of the Wichita Southeast Kansas Transit, Inc. selected asset purchase (the "WSKT asset purchase"). In May 2005, we opened a service center in Portland, Maine, which expanded our operations into our 42nd state and increased our full-state coverage to 32 states. We continued our geographic expansion in the third quarter of 2005 to our 43nd and 44th states with the opening of service centers in Sioux Falls, South Dakota, and Burlington, Vermont. The Burlington, Vermont opening also increased our full-state coverage to 33 states. Through marketing and carrier relationships, we also provide service to and from the remaining states as well as international services around the globe.

We plan to expand geographically to complete our national footprint and to add additional service centers in existing states, as opportunities arise, to ensure that our service center network has sufficient capacity to prevent it from becoming a limiting factor to our growth. Our plans include the openings of new service centers in Beaumont, Texas and Lafayette, Louisiana in the fourth quarter of 2005 and 15 to 20 new service centers during 2006, depending upon real estate availability.

Historically, over 90% of our revenue is derived from transporting LTL shipments for our customers, whose demand for our services is generally tied to the overall health of the U.S. domestic economy. We combine the rapid transit times of a regional carrier with the geographic coverage of an inter-regional carrier. We believe our transit times are generally faster than those of our principal national competitors and we are highly competitive with our principal regional competition.

In analyzing the components of our revenue, we monitor changes and trends in the following key metrics:

- LTL Revenue Per LTL Hundredweight This measurement reflects our pricing policies, which are influenced by competitive market conditions and our growth strategies. Generally, freight is rated by a class system, which is established by the National Motor Freight Traffic Association, Inc. Light, bulky freight typically has a higher class and occupies more trailer capacity and, as a result, it is priced at higher revenue per hundredweight than dense, heavy freight. Changes in the class, packaging of the freight and length of haul of the shipment can also affect the average LTL revenue per LTL hundredweight. Fuel surcharges, accessorial charges and revenue adjustments are included in this measurement for all periods presented in this quarterly report, unless otherwise indicated. We changed the calculation of this metric in 2005 to include revenue adjustments that are typical in the LTL industry, such as customer allowances and changes to components used in the original rating of the shipment, and we applied this change to the calculation for the prior periods reflected in this report. We believe this change improves the periodic comparison of this pricing measurement.
- LTL Weight Per LTL Shipment Fluctuations in average weight per shipment can indicate changes in the class, or mix, of freight we receive from our customers as well as changes in the number of units included in a shipment. Generally, increases in LTL weight per LTL shipment may indicate higher demand for our customers' products and overall increased economic activity.

- Average Length of Haul We consider lengths of haul less than 500 miles to be regional traffic, lengths of haul between 500 miles and 1,000 miles to be inter-regional traffic, and lengths of haul in excess of 1,000 miles to be national traffic. We analyze our revenue by lengths of haul to determine our market share and the growth potential of our service products in those markets.
- LTL Revenue Per LTL Shipment This measurement is primarily determined by the three metrics listed above and is used, in conjunction with the number of LTL shipments we receive, to calculate total LTL revenue.

Our primary revenue focus is to increase shipment and tonnage growth within our existing infrastructure, generally referred to as increased density, thereby maximizing asset utilization and labor productivity. We measure density over many different functional areas of our operations including revenue per service center, linehaul load factor, pickup and delivery ("P&D") stops per hour, P&D shipments per hour and platform pounds per hour. We believe continued improvement in density is a key component in our ability to sustain profitable growth.

Our primary cost elements are direct wages and benefits associated with the movement of freight; operating supplies and expenses; and depreciation of our equipment fleet and service center facilities. We gauge our overall success in managing these costs by monitoring our operating ratio, a measure of profitability calculated by dividing total operating expenses by revenue, which also allows industry-wide comparisons with our competition.

We continually upgrade our technological capabilities to improve our customer service and lower our operating costs. This technology provides our customers with visibility of their shipments throughout our systems, while providing key metrics from which we can monitor our processes.

Market fluctuations in the cost of key components of our cost structure, such as diesel fuel, can affect our profitability. Our tariffs and contracts generally provide for a fuel surcharge as diesel fuel prices increase above stated levels.

We are also subject to market changes in insurance rates, and we continue to evaluate our balance of excess insurance coverage and self-insurance to minimize that cost. We are currently self-insured for bodily injury and property damage claims up to \$2,500,000 per occurrence. This self-insured retention level was increased from \$2,000,000 during the previous plan year ended March 30, 2005. Cargo loss and damage claims are self-insured up to \$100,000. We are self-insured for workers' compensation in certain states and have high deductible plans in the remaining states, both of which results in exposure up to \$1,000,000 per occurrence. Group health claims are self-insured up to \$300,000 per occurrence and long-term disability claims are self-insured to a maximum per individual of \$3,000 per month.

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, expenses and other items as a percentage of revenue from operations:

		Three Months Ended September 30,		s Ended er 30,
	2005	2004	2005	2004
Revenue from operations	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Operating expenses:				
Salaries, wages and benefits	54.0	56.1	55.0	57.4
Operating supplies and expenses	15.2	12.3	14.5	11.7
General supplies and expenses	3.0	3.3	3.1	3.4
Operating taxes and licenses	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.8
Insurance and claims	2.5	2.9	3.0	3.2
Communications and utilities	1.1	1.3	1.2	1.4
Depreciation and amortization	5.3	5.4	5.2	5.5
Purchased transportation	3.1	3.6	3.3	3.5
Building and office equipment rents	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9
Miscellaneous expenses	0.8	0.5	0.9	0.6
Total operating expenses	89.5	90.0	90.8	91.4
Operating income	10.5	10.0	9.2	8.6
Interest expense, net	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.7
Other expense, net	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1
outer supplies, not				
Income before income taxes	9.7	9.4	8.5	7.8
Provision for income taxes	3.9	3.7	3.5	3.1
Net income	5.8%	5.7%	5.0%	4.7%

#### **Results of Operations**

Key financial and operating metrics for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2005 and 2004 are presented below:

	Three M	Three Months Ended Sept. 30,			Nine Months Ended Sept. 30,		
	2005	2004	% Change	2005	2004	% Change	
Revenue (in thousands)	\$275,076	\$215,117	27.9%	\$776,192	\$600,015	29.4%	
Operating ratio	89.5%	6 90.0%	(0.6)%	90.8%	91.4%	(0.7)%	
Net income (in thousands)	\$ 15,935	\$ 12,215	30.5%	\$ 39,194	\$ 28,388	38.1%	
Basic and diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.64	\$ 0.50	28.0%	\$ 1.58	\$ 1.17	35.0%	
LTL tonnage (in thousands)	817	671	21.8%	2,334	1,910	22.2%	
LTL shipments (in thousands)	1,445	1,230	17.5%	4,248	3,586	18.5%	
LTL revenue per LTL hundredweight	\$ 15.30	\$ 14.52	5.4%	\$ 15.13	\$ 14.24	6.3%	
LTL revenue per LTL hundredweight, less fuel surcharges	\$ 13.60	\$ 13.59	0.1%	\$ 13.68	\$ 13.43	1.9%	
LTL weight per LTL shipment (lbs.)	1,130	1,090	3.7%	1,099	1,065	3.2%	
Average length of haul (miles)	919	922	(0.3)%	926	937	(1.2)%	
LTL revenue per LTL shipment	\$ 172.93	\$ 158.28	9.3%	\$ 166.20	\$ 151.69	9.6%	
LTL revenue per LTL shipment, less fuel surcharges	\$ 153.67	\$ 148.18	3.7%	\$ 150.26	\$ 143.06	5.0%	

We have continued to produce strong profitable growth in the third quarter and first nine months of 2005 resulting from increased LTL tonnage and LTL revenue per LTL hundredweight. Revenue for the third quarter ended September 30, 2005 increased 27.9% to \$275,076,000 from \$215,117,000 for the third quarter of 2004. We continued to focus on revenue growth in existing markets during the third quarter and were successful in increasing our operating density. As a result, we produced our 16<sup>th</sup> consecutive quarter of improvement in our operating ratio and growth in net income in excess of 30% and our sixth consecutive quarter of revenue growth above 20%, all on a comparable quarter basis. The quarterly operating ratio of 89.5% and net profit margin of 5.8% are the best we have produced in our 14 years since operating as a public company. When combined with the revenue increase through the second quarter, our revenue increased 29.4% to \$776,192,000 for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2005 from \$600,015,000 for the comparable period in 2004.

#### Revenue

The increases in our revenue for the third quarter and first nine months of 2005 were primarily due to a growth of 21.8% in LTL tonnage and a 5.4% increase in LTL revenue per LTL hundredweight during the third quarter of 2005 and respective increases of 22.2% and 6.3% for the comparable nine-month period of 2005. The tonnage growth consists of increases in both LTL shipments and LTL weight per shipment of 17.5% and 3.7%, respectively, from the third quarter of 2004 and 18.5% and 3.2%, respectively, from the first nine months of 2004. We have achieved this growth primarily through expanding our business with existing customers and adding new customers in existing areas, as well as launching new services and improving the quality of our service.

LTL revenue per LTL hundredweight increased to \$15.30 for the third quarter of 2005 from \$14.52 for the third quarter of 2004 and increased to \$15.13 for the first nine months of 2005 from \$14.24 for the first nine months of 2004. Our tariffs and contracts generally provide for a fuel surcharge as diesel fuel prices increase above stated levels. This surcharge is recorded as additional revenue and is intended to offset significant fluctuations in the price of diesel fuel, which is one of the larger components of our operating supplies and expenses. Because of average higher fuel prices for the first nine months of 2005, the fuel surcharge increased to 9.6% of revenue from 5.7% for the comparable period in 2004. Excluding the fuel surcharge, LTL revenue per LTL hundredweight increased 0.1% to \$13.60 for the third quarter of 2005 from \$13.59 for the third quarter of 2004 and 1.9% to \$13.68 for the first nine months of 2005 from \$13.43 for the first nine months of 2004. Our pricing has remained relatively stable despite the increased weight per shipment and decreased length of haul for both the third quarter and first nine months of 2005, which generally have the effect of reducing revenue per hundredweight. The stability in our pricing demonstrates our ability to maintain our pricing discipline while increasing the volume of freight moving through our service center network.

During the third quarter, we opened three new service centers in Grand Island, Nebraska, Sioux Falls, South Dakota and Burlington, Vermont, which increased our total to 153 service centers at September 30, 2005. In the first half of 2005, we opened new service centers in Colorado Springs, Colorado, Portland, Maine and an additional 10 service centers in our South Central and Midwest regions as a result of the WSKT asset purchase in January 2005. The expansion of our service center network and improvement in our service capabilities should provide a platform for future growth. However, the majority of our revenue growth for the periods compared was generated from our existing service center network, which has contributed to the continued improvement in our operating ratio. The revenue growth from our geographic expansion typically results in additional freight moving through our existing service center network. This effect creates density and improvement in the operating ratio in our existing network and helps to offset higher operating margins that typically accompany new service centers openings.

Our average length of haul decreased from 937 miles in the first nine months of 2004 to 926 miles in the first nine months of 2005, reflecting higher growth in our shorter-haul regional lanes. The growth in these shorter-haul lanes can be attributed to our evolving customer base, our growing number of states with full-state coverage and our focus on building our presence in regional markets, which was strengthened by the WSKT asset purchase. We believe that our competitiveness in the next-day and two-day lanes presents us with further growth opportunities, as these are the fastest growing markets in the industry due to changing demands of shippers.

#### Operating Costs and Other Expenses

Density, resulting from increased tonnage and shipments moving through our existing service center network, contributed to a 13.6% increase in revenue per service center for the comparable nine-month periods and generated operating efficiencies, primarily by leveraging certain fixed costs and through improved labor productivity. Our operating ratio improved to 89.5% and 90.8% in the third quarter and first nine months of 2005, respectively, from 90.0% and 91.4% in the comparable periods of 2004. Much of the overall improvement in our operating ratio was achieved by the improvement in salaries, wages and benefits as a percent of revenue, which decreased to 54.0% of revenue in the third quarter of 2005 from 56.1% for the prior-year quarter and decreased to 55.0% in the first nine months of 2005 from 57.4% in the comparable prior-year period.

Driver wages decreased to 21.3% of revenue for the third quarter of 2005 from 22.6% for the prior-year quarter and decreased to 21.9% of revenue for the first nine months of 2005 from 23.0% in the first half of 2004. For the first nine months of 2005, we achieved a 4.0% improvement in P&D shipments handled per hour and an 8.6% improvement in revenue per linehaul mile. We also experienced an improvement in platform labor, which decreased to 7.5% of revenue for the third quarter of 2005 and 7.6% for the first nine months of 2005 from 7.7% and 7.8% for the comparable periods in the prior year. Fringe benefit costs increased to 28.1% of payroll for the third quarter of 2005 from 25.9% for the third quarter of 2004 primarily due to unfavorable group health claims experience. Fringe benefit costs decreased to 27.1% of payroll for the first nine months of 2005 from 27.3% for the comparable period in the prior year primarily due to a 0.7% improvement in workers' compensation as a percent of payroll that offset unfavorable group health costs.

Operating supplies and expenses increased to 15.2% of revenue for the third quarter of 2005 from 12.3% for the prior-year quarter and increased to 14.5% of revenue for the first nine months of 2005 from 11.7% in the first nine months of 2004. These increases are primarily due to an 85.4% and 83.9% increase in diesel fuel costs, excluding fuel taxes, for the third quarter and first nine months of 2005, respectively, resulting from both increased fuel prices and a 20.3% and 24.1% increase in consumption from the comparable prior-year periods. We temporarily experienced higher fuel prices and supply shortages in certain markets in the aftermath of the hurricane activity on the U.S. gulf coast during the third quarter of 2005. While prices have remained higher than pre-Katrina levels, we are currently no longer experiencing those same supply shortages. These supply shortages did not disrupt our normal service schedules. We currently do not use diesel fuel hedging instruments; therefore, we are subject to market price fluctuations. Our fuel surcharges, which are generally indexed to the U.S. Department of Energy's published fuel prices, effectively offset the increases in diesel fuel prices for the periods presented.

Insurance and claims expense, primarily consisting of premiums and self-insured costs for auto liability and cargo claims, decreased to 2.5% of revenue for the third quarter of 2005 from 2.9% for the prior-year quarter and decreased to 3.0% of revenue for the first nine months of 2005 from 3.2% in the first nine months of 2004. We choose to self-insure a portion of our auto and cargo claims liabilities and obtain excess insurance coverage for claims above our retention levels. Our auto liability claims experience under our retention level was 0.5% and 1.2% of revenue for the third quarter and first nine months of 2005, respectively, as compared to 1.0% and 1.2% in the comparable prior-year periods. The third quarter change is generally due to both the number and severity of claims incurred during the periods compared. Our cargo claims experience under our retention level increased to 1.5% of revenue for the third quarter of 2005 from 1.3% in the prior-year period and decreased to 1.3% for the first nine months of 2005 from 1.4% in the comparable prior-year period. The increase in the third quarter of 2005 reflects unfavorable experience attributable to the hurricane activity on the U.S. gulf coast, otherwise our experience for the quarter would have been consistent with the prior-year period. We attribute a portion of the year-to-date improvement in cargo claim expenses to the increased utilization of adjustable rack systems and reusable inflatable air bags in our trailer fleet, which protect freight from damage caused by load shifting. New trailer purchases are equipped with these adjustable rack systems and we are currently retrofitting a portion of our existing trailer fleet.

The focus on revenue growth in existing markets has provided opportunities to leverage our investments in property and equipment. As a result, depreciation and amortization expenses decreased to 5.3% and 5.2% of revenue for the third quarter and first nine months of 2005, respectively, from 5.4% and 5.5% for the comparable prior-year periods. We have incurred \$126,304,000 of net capital expenditures for the first nine months of 2005, including the capital assets acquired in the WSKT asset purchase, which has increased our fleet and allowed for further geographic expansion and increased capacity within our network to accommodate further growth.

We purchase transportation services from other motor carriers and railroads for linehaul and P&D services. We also contract with lease operators and lease tractors, trailers and other revenue producing equipment. We utilize these services when there are capacity restraints or imbalances of freight flow within our service center network or when it is economically beneficial. Purchased transportation decreased to 3.1% and 3.3% for the third quarter and first nine months of 2005, respectively, from 3.6% and 3.5% for the comparable period in 2005. These decreases are primarily due to a decrease in the use of purchased linehaul services, which is due to the increased use of Company personnel and equipment.

Our continued revenue growth and density improvements have also allowed us to successfully leverage our communication and utilities costs along with general supplies and expenses, which when combined, decreased to 4.1% and 4.3% of revenue for the third quarter and first nine months of 2005, respectively, from 4.6% and 4.8% for the comparable prior-year periods.

Miscellaneous expenses, net were \$2,290,000 and \$7,088,000 for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2005, an increase of \$1,147,000 and \$3,376,000 from the comparable prior-year periods. The quarterly increase is primarily due to a \$500,000 loss accrued for our deductible on property losses resulting from Hurricane Katrina. The year-to-date increase also includes a write-off of various assets totaling approximately \$1,013,000 that occurred in the second and third quarters of 2005, increased bad debt expense and increased losses on the disposal of operating equipment through the normal replacement cycle.

Interest expense, net of interest income was \$1,767,000 and \$4,905,000 for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2005, an increase of \$477,000 and \$852,000 from the comparable prior-year periods. The increase from the prior-year periods is primarily due to an increased average balance of our long-term debt resulting from the two separate issuances of privately-placed senior notes under the Note Purchase Agreement entered into on February 25, 2005.

Our effective tax rate was 40.3% for the third quarter and first nine months of 2005 compared to 39.3% for the comparable periods in 2004. The effective tax rate exceeded the federal statutory rate of 35% primarily due to the impact of state taxes and, to a lesser extent, certain non-deductible items.

#### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

Expansion in both the size and number of service center facilities, our planned tractor and trailer replacement cycle and revenue growth have required continued investment in real estate and equipment. In order to support these requirements, we incurred net capital expenditures of \$126,304,000, including the capital assets acquired in the WSKT asset purchase, in the first nine months of 2005. Cash flows from operations funded approximately 63% of these expenditures. At September 30, 2005, long-term debt, including current maturities, increased to \$139,629,000 from \$79,454,000 at December 31, 2004, primarily due to the net proceeds received from the two issuances of privately-placed senior notes issued under the Note Purchase Agreement entered into on February 25, 2005. We entered into this Note Purchase Agreement to refinance existing indebtedness and for general corporate purposes, including, but not limited to, the WSKT asset purchase and our estimated net capital expenditures not funded by internally generated cash flows.

We estimate net capital expenditures, including the capital assets acquired in the WSKT asset purchase, to be approximately \$150,000,000 to \$160,000,000 for the year ending December 31, 2005. Of that, approximately \$104,000,000 is allocated for the purchase of tractors and trailers; \$35,000,000 is allocated for the purchase of service center facilities, construction of new service center facilities or expansion of existing service center facilities; \$11,000,000 is allocated for investments in technology; and the balance is allocated for other assets. We plan to fund these capital expenditures primarily through cash flows from operations supplemented by additional borrowings through our revolving credit agreement as necessary.

The table below sets forth our capital expenditures for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2005, including the capital assets acquired in the WSKT asset purchase, and the years ended December 31, 2004, 2003 and 2002:

(In thousands)	YTD	Year Ended December 31,			
	September 2005	2004	2003	2002	
Land and structures	\$ 20,573	\$20,676	\$36,111	\$21,637	
Tractors	45,998	35,932	32,710	22,900	
Trailers	48,086	20,887	12,746	8,800	
Technology	6,650	10,034	14,917	7,840	
Other	8,920	6,170	5,419	8,815	
Proceeds from sale	(3,923)	(1,593)	(3,462)	(887)	
Total	\$126,304	\$92,106	\$98,441	\$69,105	

We entered into a senior unsecured revolving credit agreement dated September 22, 2005 with lenders consisting of Wachovia Bank, National Association; Bank of America, N.A.; and Branch Banking and Trust Company, with Wachovia as agent for the lenders. This five-year facility consists of \$110,000,000 in line of credit commitments from the lenders, all of which are available for revolving loans. In addition, of the \$110,000,000 line of credit commitments, \$65,000,000 may be used for letters of credit and \$10,000,000 may be used for borrowings under Wachovia's sweep program. The sweep program is a daily cash management tool that automatically initiates borrowings to cover overnight cash requirements up to an aggregate of \$10,000,000 or initiates overnight investments for excess cash balances. In addition, we have the right to request an increase in the line of credit commitments up to a total of \$160,000,000 in minimum increments of \$25,000,000. At our option, revolving loans under the facility bear interest at either: (a) the higher of Wachovia Bank's prime rate or the federal funds rate plus 0.5% per annum (the "Base Rate"); (b) LIBOR (one, two, three or six months) plus an applicable margin (the "Adjusted LIBOR Rate"); or (c) one-month LIBOR plus an applicable margin (the "LIBOR Index Rate"). The applicable margin varies depending upon our ratio of debt to total capitalization. In the case of the Adjusted LIBOR Rate and LIBOR Index Rate, the applicable margin ranges from 0.625% to 1.25%. The applicable margin under this facility was 0.75% for the period in effect during the third quarter of 2005. Revolving loans under the sweep program bear interest at the LIBOR Index Rate.

Commitment fees ranging from 0.125% to 0.25% are charged quarterly in arrears on the aggregate unutilized portion of the facility determined by our ratio of debt to total capitalization. Letter of credit fees equal to the applicable margin for Adjusted LIBOR Rate loans are charged quarterly in arrears on the daily average aggregate stated amount of all letters of credit outstanding during such quarter. The commitment fees and letter of credit fees were 0.15% and 0.75%, respectively, for the period the facility was in effect during the third quarter 2005. In addition, a facing fee at an annual rate of 0.125% is charged quarterly in arrears on the daily average aggregate stated amount of all letters of credit outstanding during such quarter.

The September 2005 credit facility contains customary covenants, including financial covenants that require us to observe a maximum ratio of debt to total capital and a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio. Any future wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company would be required to guarantee payment of all of our obligations under the facility. At September 30, 2005, there was \$20,500,000 outstanding on the line of credit facility and there was \$39,909,000 of outstanding letters of credit.

The September 2005 credit facility replaced our three-year \$80,000,000 senior unsecured revolving credit agreement dated June 30, 2003, as amended, which was terminated on September 22, 2005.

With the exception of the revolving credit agreement, interest rates are fixed on all of our debt instruments. Therefore, short-term exposure to fluctuations in interest rates is limited to our line of credit facility, which had an outstanding balance of \$20,500,000 at September 30, 2005. We do not currently use interest rate derivative instruments to manage exposure to interest rate changes. Also, we do not use fuel hedging instruments, as our tariff provisions and contracts generally allow for fuel surcharges to be implemented in the event that fuel prices exceed stipulated levels.

We have four senior note agreements outstanding totaling \$112,107,000 at September 30, 2005. These notes call for periodic principal payments with maturities ranging from 2006 to 2015, of which \$14,107,000 is due in the next twelve months. Interest rates on these notes are fixed and range from 4.68% to 7.59%. The effective average interest rate on our outstanding senior note agreements was 5.43% and 6.94% at September 30, 2005 and 2004, respectively.

Our senior notes and credit agreement limit the amount of dividends that may be paid to shareholders pursuant to certain financial ratios. At September 30, 2005, our credit agreement was the most restrictive and limited the amount of dividends that could be paid to shareholders to \$10,000,000. We did not declare or pay a dividend on our common stock in the nine-month period ended September 30, 2005, and we have no plans to declare or pay a dividend in 2005.

We have a term loan with principal outstanding of \$3,534,000 as of September 30, 2005, which was used to purchase 300 tractors. The term loan consists of 48-month term notes secured by the purchased equipment pursuant to a security agreement with the lender. The notes call for equal monthly payments of principal and interest and mature in July and August 2006. The interest rates on the notes are fixed and range from 4.21% to 4.39%. The term loan agreement contains customary affirmative and negative covenants. The term notes originally incorporated by reference the financial covenants from our May 2000 credit facility and have been amended to incorporate by reference our financial covenants under our September 2005 revolving credit agreement.

A significant decrease in demand for our services could limit our ability to generate cash flow and affect profitability. Most of our debt agreements have covenants that require stated levels of financial performance, which if not achieved could cause acceleration of the payment schedules. We do not anticipate a significant decline in business levels or financial performance, and we believe the combination of our existing credit facilities along with our additional borrowing capacity will be sufficient to meet seasonal and long-term capital needs.

The following table summarizes our significant contractual obligations and commercial commitments as of September 30, 2005:

<b>Payments</b>	due	by	period
(in th	ous	and	ls)

Contractual obligations (1)	Total	Less than 1 year	1-3 years	3-5 years	More than 5 years
Long-term debt	\$136,988	\$ 17,953	\$23,535	\$41,929	\$ 53,571
Capital lease obligations	2,641	1,171	1,470	_	_
Operating leases	38,547	12,202	13,593	4,406	8,346
Total obligations	\$178,176	\$ 31,326	\$38,598	\$46,335	\$ 61,917
		Amount		nt expiration	per period
Other commercial commitments (2)	Total amounts committed	Amount  Less than 1 year			More than 5 years
Other commercial commitments (2)  Standby letters of credit	amounts	Less than	(in the	ousands)	More than 5
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	amounts committed	Less than 1 year	(in the	ousands)	More than 5

- (1) Contractual obligations include long-term debt consisting primarily of outstanding senior notes totaling \$112,107,000; capital lease obligations for computer equipment; and operating leases primarily consisting of real estate leases. The increase in our contractual obligations from December 31, 2004 is primarily due to the two issuances of privately-placed senior notes under the Note Purchase Agreement entered into on February 25, 2005, which are described in detail above.
- (2) Other commercial commitments consist of standby letters of credit used as collateral for self-insured retention of insurance claims.

#### **Critical Accounting Policies**

In preparing our financial statements, we applied the same critical accounting policies as described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K that affect judgments and estimates of amounts recorded for certain assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. As set forth below, however, we have enhanced the allowance for uncollectible accounts disclosure and included new disclosure for the allowance for revenue adjustments.

Allowances for Uncollectible Accounts and Revenue Adjustments - We maintain an allowance for uncollectible accounts for estimated losses resulting from the inability of our customers to make required payments. We estimate this allowance by analyzing the aging of our customer receivables, our historical loss experience and other trends and factors affecting the credit risk of our customers. Actual write-offs could differ from our allowance estimate as a result of several factors including changes in the overall economic environment or factors and risks surrounding our customers. Additional allowances may be required if the financial condition of our customers were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments. We continually review the underlying assumptions in our estimate of the allowance for uncollectible accounts so as to reflect the most recent trends and factors.

We also maintain an allowance for revenue adjustments resulting from billing corrections, customer allowances, money-back service guarantees and other miscellaneous revenue adjustments. These revenue adjustments are recorded in our revenue from operations. We use historical experience, trends and current information to update and evaluate these estimates.

Management believes the methodologies for estimating these allowances to be reliable based on the accuracy of our estimate in prior periods. As such, we do not anticipate any near-term changes in our methodologies for these estimates.

#### Seasonality

Our tonnage levels and revenue mix are subject to seasonal trends common in the motor carrier industry. Financial results in the first quarter are normally lower due to reduced shipments during the winter months. Harsh winter weather can also adversely impact our performance by reducing demand and increasing operating expenses. Freight volumes typically build to a peak in the third quarter and early fourth quarter, which generally result in improved operating margins.

#### **Environmental Regulation**

We are subject to various federal, state and local environmental laws and regulations that focus on, among other things: the emission and discharge of hazardous materials into the environment or their presence on or in our properties and vehicles; fuel storage tanks; transportation of certain materials; and the discharge or retention of storm water. Under specific environmental laws, we could also be held responsible for any costs relating to contamination at our past or present facilities and at third-party waste disposal sites. We do not believe that the cost of future compliance with environmental laws or regulations will have a material adverse effect on our operations, financial condition, competitive position or capital expenditures for the remainder of fiscal 2005 or fiscal 2006.

#### **Related Party Transactions**

#### Family Relationships

Each of Earl E. Congdon, John R. Congdon, David S. Congdon, John R. Congdon, Jr. and John B. Yowell are related to one another and serves in various executive management positions and/or on our Board of Directors. In addition, except for Mr. Yowell, each of them beneficially owns 5% or more of our common stock. In 2004, we entered into employment agreements with Earl E. Congdon, John R. Congdon, David S. Congdon and John B. Yowell, which are filed as exhibits to our annual report on Form 10-K. We regularly disclose the amount of compensation that we pay to these individuals in the proxy statement for our annual meeting of shareholders.

#### Split-Dollar Life Insurance Policies

We are the owner of two split-dollar life insurance contracts insuring the life of John R. Congdon. The net cash surrender value for these policies of \$1,762,000 is included in "Other Assets" at September 30, 2005. These policies provided for \$4,298,000 in net death benefits due to the Company at September 30, 2005, for which we have endorsed \$2,000,000 to Mr. Congdon's spouse.

#### Audit Committee Approval

The Audit Committee of our Board of Directors has reviewed and approved all related party transactions.

#### Forward-Looking Information

Forward-looking statements in this report, including, without limitation, statements relating to future events or our future financial performance, appear in the preceding Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and in other written and oral statements made by or on behalf of us, including, without limitation, statements relating to our goals, strategies, expectations, competitive environment, regulation and availability of resources. Such forward-looking statements are made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Investors are cautioned that such forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties that could cause actual events and results to be materially different from those expressed or implied herein, including, but not limited to, the following: (1) the competitive environment with respect to industry capacity and pricing; (2) the negative impact of any unionization of the Company's employees; (3) the challenges associated with executing the Company's growth strategy; (4) the Company's compliance with legislation requiring companies to evaluate their internal control over financial operations and reporting;

(5) various economic factors such as economic recessions and downturns in customers' business cycles and shipping requirements; (6) the availability and cost of fuel; (7) difficulty in attracting or retaining qualified drivers; (8) the Company's exposure to claims related to cargo loss and damage, property damage, personal injury, workers' compensation, long-term disability and group health and the cost of insurance coverage above retention levels; (9) the Company's significant ongoing cash requirements; (10) the availability and cost of new equipment; (11) the costs of compliance with, or liability for violation of, existing or future governmental regulation; (12) seasonal trends in the industry, including the possibility of harsh weather conditions; (13) the Company's dependence on key employees; (14) changes in the Company's goals and strategies, which are subject to change at any time at the discretion of the Company; and (15) other risks and uncertainties indicated from time to time in the Company's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

#### Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure of Market Risk

Market risk represents the risk of loss that may impact the consolidated financial position, results of operations and cash flows due to adverse changes in financial market prices and rates.

We are exposed to interest rate risk directly related to loans under our revolving credit agreement, which have variable interest rates. The average principal balance and the effective annual interest rate under the revolving credit agreements for the first nine months of 2005 was \$15,916,000 and 4.06%, respectively. A 100 basis point increase in the average interest rate on this agreement would have no material effect on our operating results. We have established policies and procedures to manage exposure to market risks and use major institutions that are creditworthy to minimize credit risk.

We are also exposed to commodity price risk related to diesel fuel prices and have established policies and procedures to manage our exposure to such risk.

For further discussion related to these risks, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Operating Costs and Other Expenses" and – "Liquidity and Capital Resources" included in Item 2.

#### **Item 4. Controls and Procedures**

#### a) Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures.

As of the end of the period covered by this report, our management has conducted an evaluation, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures, in accordance with Rule 13a-15 under the Exchange Act. Based on this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective to enable us to record, process, summarize and report in a timely manner the information that we are required to disclose in our Exchange Act reports.

#### b) Changes in internal control over financial reporting.

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during our last fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

#### PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

#### Item 6. Exhibits

a) Exhibits:

Exhibit No.	Description
4.6.12 (a)	Second Amendment to the Loan Agreement between First Union Commercial Corporation and Old Dominion Freight Line, Inc., dated September 22, 2005
4.8 (a)	Credit Agreement among Wachovia Bank, National Association, as Agent, Bank of America, N.A., Branch Banking & Trust Company and Old Dominion Freight Line, Inc., dated September 22, 2005
31.1	Certification Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) of the Exchange Act, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2	Certification Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) of the Exchange Act, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1	Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2	Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

<sup>(</sup>a) Incorporated by reference to the exhibit of the same number contained in the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated September 22, 2005

Our SEC file number reference for documents filed with the SEC pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, is 000-19582.

#### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

OLD DOMINION FREIGHT LINE, INC.

DATE: November 9, 2005 /s/ J. Wes Frye

J. Wes Frye

Senior Vice President – Finance and Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial Officer)

DATE: November 9, 2005 /s/ John P. Booker, III

John P. Booker, III Vice President - Controller (Principal Accounting Officer)

### EXHIBIT INDEX TO QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q

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#### **CERTIFICATION**

#### I, Earl E. Congdon, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Old Dominion Freight Line, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 9, 2005

/s/ Earl E. Congdon

Chairman & Chief Executive Officer

#### **CERTIFICATION**

#### I, J. Wes Frye, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-O of Old Dominion Freight Line, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 9, 2005

/s/ J. Wes Frye

Senior Vice President – Finance and Chief Financial Officer

#### CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

#### I, Earl E. Congdon, state and attest that:

- (1) I am the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Old Dominion Freight Line, Inc.
- (2) Accompanying this certification is the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for Old Dominion Freight Line, Inc., for the quarter ended September 30, 2005 (the "Quarterly Report"), a periodic report filed by the issuer with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act"), which contains financial statements.
- (3) I hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:
  - The Quarterly Report containing the financial statements fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, and
  - The information contained in the Quarterly Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of
    operations of the issuer for the periods presented.

/s/ Earl E. Congdon

Name: Earl E. Congdon Date: November 9, 2005

A signed copy of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to Old Dominion Freight Line, Inc. and will be retained by Old Dominion Freight Line, Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

#### CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

#### I, J. Wes Frye, state and attest that:

- (1) I am the Senior Vice President Finance and Chief Financial Officer of Old Dominion Freight Line, Inc.
- (2) Accompanying this certification is the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for Old Dominion Freight Line, Inc., for the quarter ended September 30, 2005 (the "Quarterly Report"), a periodic report filed by the issuer with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act"), which contains financial statements.
- (3) I hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:
  - The Quarterly Report containing the financial statements fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, and
  - The information contained in the Quarterly Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of
    operations of the issuer for the periods presented.

#### /s/ J. Wes Frye

Name: J. Wes Frye Date: November 9, 2005

A signed copy of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to Old Dominion Freight Line, Inc. and will be retained by Old Dominion Freight Line, Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.