

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549**

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended **June 30, 2009**

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number: **0-19582**

OLD DOMINION FREIGHT LINE, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

VIRGINIA
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

56-0751714
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

500 Old Dominion Way
Thomasville, NC 27360
(Address of principal executive offices)
(Zip Code)

(336) 889-5000
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

As of August 7, 2009 there were 37,284,675 shares of the registrant's Common Stock (\$0.10 par value) outstanding.

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

OLD DOMINION FREIGHT LINE, INC.
CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS

<i>(In thousands, except share data)</i>	June 30, 2009 <u>(Unaudited)</u>	December 31, 2008
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,945	\$ 24,104
Short-term investments	—	4,861
Customer receivables, less allowances of \$12,622 and \$11,735, respectively	144,152	139,211
Other receivables	8,433	7,325
Prepaid expenses	18,214	13,461
Deferred income taxes	<u>19,060</u>	<u>20,268</u>
Total current assets	193,804	209,230
Property and equipment:		
Revenue equipment	673,457	611,836
Land and structures	551,503	499,106
Other fixed assets	147,793	138,550
Leasehold improvements	<u>3,933</u>	<u>3,937</u>
Total property and equipment	1,376,686	1,253,429
Accumulated depreciation	<u>(469,004)</u>	<u>(428,944)</u>
Net property and equipment	907,682	824,485
Intangible assets, net	25,093	25,550
Other assets	<u>18,013</u>	<u>15,640</u>
Total assets	<u>\$1,144,592</u>	<u>\$1,074,905</u>

Note: The Condensed Balance Sheet at December 31, 2008 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date, but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed financial statements.

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OLD DOMINION FREIGHT LINE, INC.
CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS
(CONTINUED)

	June 30, 2009 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2008
<i>(In thousands, except share data)</i>		
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 36,258	\$ 40,999
Compensation and benefits	44,673	43,129
Claims and insurance accruals	31,105	31,181
Other accrued liabilities	14,588	14,909
Current maturities of long-term debt	36,497	11,972
Total current liabilities	163,121	142,190
Long-term liabilities:		
Long-term debt	264,948	240,017
Other non-current liabilities	62,940	60,601
Deferred income taxes	80,759	73,968
Total long-term liabilities	408,647	374,586
Commitments and contingent liabilities	—	—
Total liabilities	571,768	516,776
Shareholders' equity:		
Common stock—\$0.10 par value, 70,000,000 shares authorized, 37,284,675 shares outstanding	3,728	3,728
Capital in excess of par value	90,893	90,893
Retained earnings	478,203	463,508
Total shareholders' equity	572,824	558,129
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$1,144,592	\$1,074,905

Note: The Condensed Balance Sheet at December 31, 2008 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date, but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed financial statements.

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OLD DOMINION FREIGHT LINE, INC.
CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(Unaudited)

<i>(In thousands, except share and per share data)</i>	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
Revenue from operations	\$ 316,175	\$ 417,840	\$ 611,318	\$ 786,014
Operating expenses:				
Salaries, wages and benefits	181,265	208,217	357,990	409,742
Operating supplies and expenses	43,814	90,859	84,400	164,426
General supplies and expenses	9,089	11,864	18,410	23,059
Operating taxes and licenses	12,523	13,932	24,442	27,280
Insurance and claims	5,737	6,772	12,635	14,875
Communications and utilities	3,593	3,692	7,553	7,599
Depreciation and amortization	23,948	21,513	46,947	42,682
Purchased transportation	8,710	12,074	16,698	22,631
Building and office equipment rents	3,376	3,690	6,748	7,281
Miscellaneous expenses, net	2,666	2,237	3,980	2,603
Total operating expenses	<u>294,721</u>	<u>374,850</u>	<u>579,803</u>	<u>722,178</u>
Operating income	21,454	42,990	31,515	63,836
Non-operating expense (income):				
Interest expense	3,330	3,584	6,584	7,008
Interest income	(14)	(195)	(40)	(476)
Other expense, net	253	451	537	1,123
Total non-operating expense	<u>3,569</u>	<u>3,840</u>	<u>7,081</u>	<u>7,655</u>
Income before income taxes	17,885	39,150	24,434	56,181
Provision for income taxes	7,163	15,269	9,739	21,911
Net income	<u>\$ 10,722</u>	<u>\$ 23,881</u>	<u>\$ 14,695</u>	<u>\$ 34,270</u>
Basic and diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.29	\$ 0.64	\$ 0.39	\$ 0.92
Weighted average shares outstanding:				
Basic and diluted	37,284,675	37,284,675	37,284,675	37,284,675

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed financial statements.

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**OLD DOMINION FREIGHT LINE, INC.
CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY**

<i>(In thousands)</i>	Common Stock		Capital in	Retained	Total
	Shares	Amount	Excess of Par Value	Earnings	
Balance as of December 31, 2008	37,285	\$3,728	\$90,893	\$463,508	\$558,129
Net income (Unaudited)	—	—	—	14,695	14,695
Balance as of June 30, 2009 (Unaudited)	37,285	\$3,728	\$90,893	\$478,203	\$572,824

Note: The Condensed Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity includes information derived from the audited financial statements as of December 31, 2008, but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed financial statements.

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OLD DOMINION FREIGHT LINE, INC.
CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2009 <u>(Unaudited)</u>	2008 <u>(Unaudited)</u>
<i>(In thousands)</i>		
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 14,695	\$ 34,270
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	46,947	42,695
Gain on sale of property and equipment	(270)	(2,033)
Deferred income taxes	7,999	5,566
Changes in assets and liabilities, net	<u>(14,429)</u>	<u>927</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>54,942</u>	<u>81,425</u>
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchase of property and equipment	(130,413)	(62,086)
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment	995	1,377
Purchase of short-term investment securities	—	(27,690)
Proceeds from sale of short-term investment securities	4,861	49,970
Acquisition of business assets	—	(7,267)
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(124,557)</u>	<u>(45,696)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Principal payments under long-term debt agreements	(11,585)	(6,826)
Net proceeds from revolving line of credit	61,041	—
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	<u>49,456</u>	<u>(6,826)</u>
(Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(20,159)	28,903
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	<u>24,104</u>	<u>6,328</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	<u>\$ 3,945</u>	<u>\$ 35,231</u>
<i>Supplemental disclosure of noncash investing activities:</i>		
Fair value of property exchanged	\$ 1,277	\$ 7,823

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited, interim condensed financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and, in management's opinion, contain all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring items) necessary for a fair presentation, in all material respects, of the financial position and results of operations for the periods presented. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements.

The preparation of condensed financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions. Such estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the condensed financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The results of operations for the interim period ended June 30, 2009 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for subsequent quarterly periods or the year ending December 31, 2009.

The condensed financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and related footnotes, which appear in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008. For comparability, certain reclassifications were made to conform prior-period financial statements to the current presentation. One of these reclassifications relates to construction in progress, which was reported in "Other fixed assets" on the December 31, 2008 balance sheet in our Annual Report on Form 10-K. We reclassified the construction in progress assets to either "Revenue equipment" or "Land and structures" based on the nature of each asset. This reclassification did not affect the total balance reported for "Property and equipment" on the balance sheet at December 31, 2008 and also did not change our previously reported net income, earnings per share or retained earnings.

There have been no significant changes in the accounting principles and policies, long-term contracts or estimates inherent in the preparation of the condensed financial statements of Old Dominion Freight Line, Inc. as previously described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008, other than the changes described in this quarterly report.

Unless the context requires otherwise, references in these Notes to "Old Dominion," the "Company," "we," "us" and "our" refer to Old Dominion Freight Line, Inc.

Earnings Per Share

Earnings per common share is computed using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2009, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 165, *Subsequent Events*, which establishes guidelines for the accounting for and disclosures of events occurring after the balance sheet date but before the financial statements are issued ("subsequent event"). SFAS No. 165 provides guidance as to the determination of the date and circumstances in which a subsequent event should be included in a Company's financial statements. The Company adopted this statement effective June 30, 2009 without a material impact on its financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In June 2009, the FASB issued SFAS No. 168, *The FASB Accounting Standards Codification™ and the Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles – a replacement of FASB Statement No. 162*. The FASB Accounting Standards Codification™ (the "Codification") will become the source of generally accepted accounting principles recognized by the FASB, effective for periods ending after September 15,

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

2009. Subsequent to the effective date of the Codification, the FASB will issue guidance in the form of Accounting Standards Updates, rather than in the form of Statements, Staff Positions or Emerging Issues Task Force Abstracts. SFAS No. 168 replaces SFAS No. 162, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles*, and also recognizes rules and interpretive releases of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") as authoritative guidance. The Company will adopt SFAS No. 168 in the third quarter of 2009 and the adoption is not anticipated to have a material impact on its financial position, results of operations or cash flows. However, the adoption of this new standard will have an impact on the notes to the Company's financial statements in future filings since all future references to authoritative accounting literature will be referenced in accordance with SFAS No. 168.

Note 2. Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt consisted of the following:

<i>(In thousands)</i>	June 30, 2009	December 31, 2008
Senior notes	\$239,286	\$ 250,000
Revolving credit facility	61,041	—
Capitalized lease obligations	1,118	1,498
Other obligations	—	491
Total long-term debt	301,445	251,989
Current maturities	(36,497)	(11,972)
Total maturities due after one year	\$264,948	\$ 240,017

We have a five-year, \$225,000,000 senior unsecured revolving credit facility pursuant to the terms of an amended and restated credit agreement dated August 10, 2006 (the "Credit Agreement"), with Wachovia Bank, National Association ("Wachovia") serving as administrative agent for the lenders. Of the \$225,000,000 line of credit commitments, \$150,000,000 may be used for letters of credit and \$15,000,000 may be used for borrowings under Wachovia's sweep program. The sweep program is a daily cash management tool that automatically initiates borrowings to cover overnight cash requirements up to an aggregate of \$15,000,000 or initiates overnight investments for excess cash balances. In addition, we have the right to request an increase in the line of credit commitments up to a total of \$300,000,000 in minimum increments of \$25,000,000. At our option, revolving loans under the facility bear interest at either: (a) the higher of Wachovia's prime rate or the federal funds rate plus 0.5% per annum; (b) LIBOR (one, two, three or six months) plus an applicable margin; or (c) one-month LIBOR plus an applicable margin ("LIBOR Index Rate"). The applicable margin is determined by a pricing grid in the Credit Agreement and ranges from 0.5% to 1.125%. The applicable margin for the Credit Agreement during the first six months of 2009 was 0.625%. Revolving loans under the sweep program bear interest at the LIBOR Index Rate.

The outstanding balance on the line of credit facility was \$61,041,000 and zero at June 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, respectively. There were \$50,260,000 of outstanding letters of credit at June 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008.

Note 3. Commitments and Contingencies

We are involved in various legal proceedings and claims that have arisen in the ordinary course of our business that have not been fully adjudicated. Many of these are covered in whole or in part by insurance. Our management does not believe that these actions, when finally concluded and determined, will have a material adverse effect upon our financial position or results of operations.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

Note 4. Subsequent Events

In accordance with SFAS No. 165, management evaluated all subsequent events and transactions through August 7, 2009, the issuance date of these financial statements, and concluded that no subsequent events or transactions had occurred that required recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.

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Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Unless the context requires otherwise, references in this report to “Old Dominion,” the “Company,” “we,” “us” and “our” refer to Old Dominion Freight Line, Inc.

Overview

We are a leading non-union less-than-truckload (“LTL”) motor carrier providing multi-regional service among six regions in the United States and next-day and second-day service within each of these regions. We operate as one business segment and offer an expanding array of innovative products and services through our four branded product groups, OD-Domestic, OD-Expedited, OD-Global and OD-Technology with direct service to 48 states within the Southeast, Gulf Coast, Northeast, Midwest, Central and West regions of the country. In addition to domestic LTL services, we offer container delivery services to and from all of North America, Central America, South America and the Far East. We also offer a broad range of expedited, logistical and warehousing services for both our domestic and global markets.

Our revenue is derived from transporting shipments and providing logistical services to our customers, whose demand for our services is generally tied to the overall health of the U.S. domestic economy. We compete with regional, inter-regional and national LTL carriers and, to a lesser extent, with truckload carriers, small package carriers, airfreight carriers and railroads. Our diversified mix and scope of regional and inter-regional services enable us to provide our customers with a single source to meet their LTL shipping needs, and we believe this provides us with a distinct advantage over our regional, multi-regional and national competition. Additionally, we offer our services through one operating company, as opposed to many of our competitors that offer a similar mix of services through multiple operating companies or divisions, and we believe this approach allows us to be more responsive to the needs of our customers.

In analyzing the components of our revenue, we monitor changes and trends in the following key metrics:

- *Revenue Per Hundredweight* – This measurement reflects our pricing policies, which are influenced by competitive market conditions and our growth objectives. Generally, freight is rated by a class system, which is established by the National Motor Freight Traffic Association, Inc. Light, bulky freight typically has a higher class and is priced at higher revenue per hundredweight than dense, heavy freight. Changes in the class, packaging of the freight and length of haul of the shipment can also affect this average. Fuel surcharges, accessorial charges, revenue adjustments and revenue for undelivered freight are included in this measurement. Revenue for undelivered freight is deferred for financial statement purposes in accordance with our revenue recognition policy; however, we believe including this deferred revenue in our revenue per hundredweight measurements results in a better indicator of changes in our yields by matching total billed revenue with the corresponding shipments.
- *Weight Per Shipment* – Fluctuations in weight per shipment can indicate changes in the class, or mix, of freight we receive from our customers as well as changes in the number of units included in a shipment. Generally, increases in weight per shipment indicate higher demand for our customers’ products and overall increased economic activity. During 2008, however, many shippers began consolidating shipments in an effort to reduce the impact of the high cost of diesel fuel on their transportation costs. In doing so, these shippers caused an increase in our weight per shipment by shipping the same volume of goods with fewer shipments. This trend has continued in 2009 despite the decline in diesel fuel prices.
- *Average Length of Haul* – We consider lengths of haul less than 500 miles to be regional traffic, lengths of haul between 500 miles and 1,000 miles to be inter-regional traffic, and lengths of haul in excess of 1,000 miles to be national traffic. By analyzing our business through this mileage component, we can determine our market share and the growth potential of our service products in these markets.

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- *Revenue Per Shipment* – This measurement is primarily determined by the three metrics listed above and is used, in conjunction with the number of shipments we receive, to calculate total revenue, excluding adjustments for undelivered freight.

Our primary revenue focus is to increase shipment and tonnage growth within our existing infrastructure, generally referred to as increasing density, thereby maximizing asset utilization and labor productivity. We measure density over many different functional areas of our operations including revenue per service center, linehaul load factor, pickup and delivery (“P&D”) stops per hour, P&D shipments per hour, platform pounds handled per hour and platform shipments per hour. In addition to our focus on density, it is critical for us to obtain an appropriate yield on the shipments we handle. We manage our yields by focusing on individual account profitability. We believe yield management and improvements in density are key components in our ability to produce profitable growth.

Our primary cost elements are direct wages and benefits associated with the movement of freight; operating supplies and expenses; and depreciation of our equipment fleet and service center facilities. We gauge our overall success in managing these costs by monitoring our operating ratio, a measure of profitability calculated by dividing total operating expenses by revenue, which also allows industry-wide comparisons with our competition.

We continually upgrade our technological capabilities to improve our customer service and lower our operating costs. Our technology provides customers with visibility of their shipments throughout our network, increases the productivity of our workforce and provides key metrics from which we can monitor our processes.

We are subject to market changes in insurance rates, and we continue to evaluate our balance of excess insurance coverage and self-insurance to minimize that cost. We are self-insured for bodily injury and property damage claims up to \$2,750,000 per occurrence. Cargo loss and damage claims are self-insured up to \$100,000 per occurrence. We are exposed to workers’ compensation claims up to \$1,000,000 per occurrence, through either self-insurance or insurance deductibles, for the states in which we operate. We are insured for group health claims under a graduated aggregating policy, where we are exposed to claims up to \$350,000 per occurrence, plus an additional \$235,000 for claims exceeding \$650,000. Our long-term disability claims are self-insured to a maximum per individual of \$3,000 per month.

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The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, expenses and other items as a percentage of revenue from operations:

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
Revenue from operations	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Operating expenses:				
Salaries, wages and benefits	57.3	49.8	58.6	52.1
Operating supplies and expenses	13.9	21.8	13.8	20.9
General supplies and expenses	2.9	2.8	3.0	3.0
Operating taxes and licenses	4.0	3.3	4.0	3.5
Insurance and claims	1.8	1.6	2.1	1.9
Communications and utilities	1.1	0.9	1.2	1.0
Depreciation and amortization	7.6	5.2	7.7	5.4
Purchased transportation	2.7	2.9	2.7	2.9
Building and office equipment rents	1.1	0.9	1.1	0.9
Miscellaneous expenses, net	0.8	0.5	0.6	0.3
Total operating expenses	93.2	89.7	94.8	91.9
Operating income	6.8	10.3	5.2	8.1
Interest expense, net *	1.0	0.8	1.1	0.8
Other expense, net	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Income before income taxes	5.7	9.4	4.0	7.2
Provision for income taxes	2.3	3.7	1.6	2.8
Net income	3.4%	5.7%	2.4%	4.4%

* For the purpose of this table, interest expense is presented net of interest income.

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Results of Operations

Key financial and operating metrics for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2009 and 2008 are presented below:

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2009	2008	% Change	2009	2008	% Change
Work days	64	64	—	127	128	(0.8)%
Revenue (<i>in thousands</i>)	\$316,175	\$417,840	(24.3)%	\$611,318	\$786,014	(22.2)%
Operating ratio	93.2%	89.7%	3.9 %	94.8%	91.9%	3.2 %
Net income (<i>in thousands</i>)	\$ 10,722	\$ 23,881	(55.1)%	\$ 14,695	\$ 34,270	(57.1)%
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.29	\$ 0.64	(54.7)%	\$ 0.39	\$ 0.92	(57.6)%
Total tons (<i>in thousands</i>)	1,262	1,478	(14.6)%	2,440	2,823	(13.6)%
Shipments (<i>in thousands</i>)	1,477	1,772	(16.6)%	2,890	3,482	(17.0)%
Weight per shipment (<i>lbs.</i>)	1,709	1,668	2.5 %	1,689	1,621	4.2 %
Revenue per hundredweight	\$ 12.53	\$ 14.17	(11.6)%	\$ 12.55	\$ 13.98	(10.2)%
Revenue per shipment	\$ 214.09	\$ 236.34	(9.4)%	\$ 211.92	\$ 226.67	(6.5)%
Average length of haul (<i>miles</i>)	919	896	2.6 %	923	909	1.5 %

In the second quarter and the first six months of 2009, our results of operations continued to be negatively impacted by challenging industry conditions. The ongoing recessionary economy once again suppressed overall demand for LTL freight services and, combined with the overcapacity that currently exists in our industry, resulted in continued downward pressure on pricing. During the second quarter and first half of 2009, this environment led to decreases in both our tonnage and revenue per hundredweight. As a result, our revenue for the second quarter and first six months of 2009 declined 24.3% and 22.2%, respectively, as compared to the same periods of the prior year. Despite these persistent challenges, we have remained committed to our long-term customer service and yield strategies. To mitigate the declining operating leverage from lower volumes, we focused on matching our direct labor costs with the declines in tonnage and managing other variable costs. However, the cost savings achieved were not sufficient to offset the decline in volumes and, as a result, our operating ratio increased to 93.2% from 89.7% in the second quarter of 2008 and increased to 94.8% from 91.9% in the first six months of 2008. Net income decreased 55.1% to \$10,722,000 for the second quarter of 2009 and decreased 57.1% to \$14,695,000 for the first six months of 2009.

Revenue

The decrease in revenue for the second quarter and the first six months of 2009 consisted of both decreases in tonnage and revenue per hundredweight. Tonnage declined 14.6% and 13.6% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, respectively, when compared to the same periods of 2008. The second quarter decrease in tonnage resulted from a 16.6% decrease in shipments that was partially offset by a 2.5% increase in weight per shipment. The tonnage decrease for the first six months of 2009 resulted from a 17.0% decrease in shipments that was partially offset by a 4.2% increase in weight per shipment. We attribute the decline in our tonnage primarily to the effect of the recessionary economy on freight demand, as we believe we have maintained our market share thus far in 2009. Although we experienced a seasonal increase in freight demand as compared to the first quarter of 2009, we believe freight demand in the LTL industry will not improve until there is a general recovery in the domestic economy or a significant decrease in capacity resulting from industry consolidation. Until one or both of these events occur, we could experience additional quarter-over-quarter declines in shipments and tonnage in the third and fourth quarters of 2009.

Revenue per hundredweight decreased 11.6% to \$12.53 from \$14.17 in the second quarter of 2008 and decreased 10.2% to \$12.55 from \$13.98 in the first six months of 2008. The decrease in our revenue per hundredweight for both of these periods was primarily due to the reduction in fuel surcharge revenue, which resulted from a significant decline in the average price of diesel fuel. Fuel surcharge revenue

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decreased to 8.7% of revenue in the second quarter of 2009 from 19.3% of revenue in the prior-year quarter and decreased to 8.5% of revenue from 17.5% in the first half of 2008. Excluding fuel surcharges, revenue per hundredweight declined only 0.1% and 0.5% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, respectively, when compared to the same periods of 2008, which further reflects our commitment to maintain pricing in the current competitive environment. Revenue per hundredweight was also negatively impacted by the increase in our weight per shipment for both comparable periods.

We remain committed to our superior level of customer service, which we believe differentiates us in the marketplace and has been critical to our ability to maintain pricing in this difficult operating environment. We continuously monitor the components of our pricing, including base freight rates and fuel surcharges, and address individual account profitability issues with our customers, when necessary, as part of our effort to minimize the negative impact on our profitability that would likely result from a rapid and significant change in any of our operating expenses. However, we have been unable to sufficiently increase our overall pricing during 2009 due to the competitive environment that has resulted from reduced freight demand and overcapacity in our industry. As a result of these industry challenges, we believe many of our LTL competitors reduced their prices further in the second quarter of 2009 in an effort to maintain or increase market share. A prolonged recession and competitive forces may continue to impact our ability to increase or maintain our pricing, which could have a material adverse impact on our revenue and net income.

Operating Costs and Other Expenses

Salaries, wages and benefits increased to 57.3% and 58.6% of revenue for the second quarter and first six months of 2009, respectively, from 49.8% and 52.1% in the comparable periods of the prior year. These increases, as a percent of revenue, are primarily the result of the deleveraging effect of the decline in revenue as we maintained our service schedules and on-time performance. As a result, driver wages increased to 23.3% of revenue from 20.0% in the second quarter of 2008 and increased to 23.5% from 20.8% in the first six months of 2008. Platform wages as a percentage of revenue increased to 6.8% of revenue from 6.5% in the second quarter of 2008 and increased to 6.9% from 6.7% in the first six months of 2008.

While our salaries, wages and benefits increased as a percent of revenue, the \$26,952,000 and \$51,752,000 overall decreases for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, respectively, are attributable to a 13.5% reduction in the total number of full-time employees from June 30, 2008 to June 30, 2009 and the improved productivity of our employees. Our P&D shipments per hour increased 3.9% and 3.4% for the second quarter and first half of 2009, respectively. Platform pounds per hour increased 18.5% and 19.4% for the second quarter and first half of 2009, respectively. Our linehaul laden load average decreased 0.7% for the second quarter of 2009 but increased 1.3% for the first six months of 2009. These factors partially offset the impact on our operating ratio of the annual wage increase provided to our workforce in September 2008.

Employee benefit costs increased to 31.9% of salaries and wages from 28.9% in the second quarter of 2008 and increased to 33.3% of salaries and wages from 31.4% in the first half of 2008. These increases are the result of higher costs for our employees' group health and dental coverage. Group health and dental costs increased to 12.5% and 12.8% of total salary and wages in the second quarter and first half of 2009, respectively, from 10.1% and 10.6% in respective periods of 2008, due primarily to an increase in the number of claims paid for participants under the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 ("COBRA"), and the increased severity of health insurance claims. Legislation passed in 2009 increased the period of coverage for eligible COBRA participants who were involuntarily terminated between September 1, 2008 and December 31, 2009 and also reduced their premium payments. As a result, we could experience additional increases in our group health and dental claims costs.

Operating supplies and expenses decreased to 13.9% of revenue from 21.8% for the second quarter of 2008 and decreased to 13.8% of revenue from 20.9% for the first six months of 2008. The decrease for both periods is primarily due to the decline in diesel fuel costs, excluding fuel taxes, which is the largest component of operating supplies and expenses. Diesel fuel costs, excluding fuel taxes, decreased 62.0% from the second quarter of 2008 due primarily to a significant decrease in the price of

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diesel fuel as well as a 14.9% decrease in gallons consumed. Diesel fuel costs decreased 60.1% in the first half of 2009, which was also due to the significant decrease in price and a 16.0% decrease in gallons consumed. The reduction in our gallons consumed is the result of a decrease in the number of miles driven and an increase of 3.4% and 3.5% in our miles per gallon for the second quarter and first half of 2009, respectively. The decreased consumption of diesel fuel also lowered our fuel tax expenses and was the primary reason for the \$1,409,000 and \$2,838,000 reductions in "Operating taxes and licenses" for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, respectively. We do not use diesel fuel hedging instruments and are therefore subject to market price fluctuations.

Depreciation and amortization expense increased to 7.6% and 7.7% of revenue for the second quarter and first half of 2009, respectively, from 5.2% and 5.4% of revenue for the same periods of 2008. These increases are due to the impact of the decline in revenue on these fixed costs and our investment in revenue equipment and real estate during 2008 and the first half of 2009. We made a strategic decision to accelerate our tractor purchases planned for 2009 into the first quarter while also retaining the tractors scheduled to be replaced, the majority of which were fully depreciated. We have also purchased additional replacement trailers and continued to invest in expanding the capacity of our service center network, which resulted in capital expenditures of \$130,413,000 for the first half of 2009. Expanding the geographic reach and capacity of our service center network is consistent with our long-term strategies. In addition, we believe the additional equipment capacity puts us in a stronger position to accommodate an increase in the demand for our services that could result from potential business failures or consolidation in the LTL industry due to the recessionary economy.

We purchase transportation services from other motor carriers and railroads for linehaul and P&D services. We also contract with lease operators for our container operations. We utilize these services when it is economically beneficial or when there are imbalances of freight flow within our service center network. Purchased transportation decreased to 2.7% of revenue for both the second quarter and first half of 2009 from 2.9% for both the second quarter and first half of 2008. The expansion of our service center network and the increased use of our personnel and equipment during a period of declining shipments allowed us to reduce our use of these services. In addition, our costs for these services have decreased as a result of the impact of the decrease in the average price of diesel fuel and pricing competitiveness in the transportation industry.

Our effective tax rate was 40.1% and 39.9% for the second quarter and first six months of 2009, respectively, as compared to 39.0% for the second quarter and first six months of 2008. The effective tax rate exceeded the federal statutory rate of 35% primarily due to the impact of state taxes and, to a lesser extent, certain non-deductible items.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

<i>(In thousands)</i>	Six Months Ended	
	June 30,	
	2009	2008
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	\$ 24,104	\$ 6,328
Cash flows provided by (used in):		
Operating activities	54,942	81,425
Investing activities	(124,557)	(45,696)
Financing activities	49,456	(6,826)
(Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(20,159)	28,903
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 3,945	\$ 35,231

We have two primary sources of available liquidity to meet our operating, investing and financing needs: cash flows from operations and available borrowings under our senior unsecured revolving credit facility pursuant to the terms of an amended and restated credit agreement described below. We believe we also have sufficient access to capital markets to provide another source of liquidity, if needed.

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Capital Expenditures

The table below sets forth our capital expenditures for property and equipment, including capital assets obtained through acquisitions, if any, for the six-month period ended June 30, 2009 and the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006:

<i>(In thousands)</i>	YTD	Year Ended		
	June 30, 2009	2008	2007	2006
Land and structures	\$ 51,864	\$118,310	\$ 72,286	\$ 82,011
Tractors	33,298	27,516	52,807	59,759
Trailers	32,287	20,599	43,793	49,209
Technology	4,052	7,688	9,582	10,265
Other	8,912	12,413	21,955	12,878
Proceeds from sale	(995)	(3,483)	(5,228)	(5,626)
Total	<u>\$129,418</u>	<u>\$183,043</u>	<u>\$195,195</u>	<u>\$208,496</u>

Our capital expenditure requirements are based primarily upon expansion in the size and number of service center facilities to support our plan for long-term growth, our planned tractor and trailer replacement cycle and revenue growth. Despite weak economic conditions in the first half of 2009, we continued the planned expansion of our service center network and took advantage of favorable real estate opportunities that support our long-term growth objectives. We also made a strategic decision to execute our normal equipment replacement cycle, while retaining tractors scheduled to be replaced. The increase in our fleet and service center capacity in 2009 positions us to take advantage of any increase in demand for our services caused by improvements in the economy or business failures or consolidation in the LTL industry. Through the first six months of 2009, we purchased property and equipment of \$130,413,000. Cash flows from operations and the liquidation of \$24,633,000 held in money market funds and short-term investments at December 31, 2008 funded approximately 61.0% of our capital expenditures in the first six months 2009. The remainder of these expenditures was funded through the use of our senior unsecured revolving credit facility.

We currently project capital expenditures, net of anticipated proceeds from dispositions, to be approximately \$190,000,000 for the year ending December 31, 2009. Of our capital expenditures, approximately \$90,000,000 is allocated for the purchase of tractors, trailers and other equipment; approximately \$85,000,000 is allocated for the purchase of service center facilities, construction of new service center facilities or expansion of existing service center facilities; and approximately \$13,000,000 is allocated for investments in technology. We plan to fund the remaining balance of projected capital expenditures primarily through cash flows from operations and the use of our senior unsecured revolving credit facility, if necessary.

Financing Agreements

We have a five-year, \$225,000,000 senior unsecured revolving credit facility pursuant to the terms of an amended and restated credit agreement dated August 10, 2006 (the "Credit Agreement"), with Wachovia Bank, National Association ("Wachovia") serving as administrative agent for the lenders. Of the \$225,000,000 line of credit commitments, \$150,000,000 may be used for letters of credit and \$15,000,000 may be used for borrowings under Wachovia's sweep program. The sweep program is a daily cash management tool that automatically initiates borrowings to cover overnight cash requirements up to an aggregate of \$15,000,000 or initiates overnight investments for excess cash balances.

We have two unsecured senior note agreements outstanding totaling \$239,286,000 and \$250,000,000 at June 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, respectively. These notes call for periodic principal payments with maturities in 2015 and 2016. The first principal payment on our 2016 notes is due in April 2010. As a result, the liability for this \$25,000,000 payment is included in current maturities of long-term debt at June 30, 2009.

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With the exception of borrowings pursuant to the Credit Agreement, interest rates are fixed on all of our debt instruments. Therefore, short-term exposure to fluctuations in interest rates is limited to our line of credit facility. We do not currently use interest rate derivative instruments to manage exposure to interest rate changes.

Our Credit Agreement limits the amount of dividends that may be paid to shareholders to the greater of (i) \$10,000,000; (ii) the amount of dividends paid in the immediately preceding fiscal year; or (iii) an amount equal to 25% of net income from the immediately preceding fiscal year. We did not declare or pay a dividend on our common stock in the first six months of 2009, and we have no plans to declare or pay a dividend during the remainder of 2009.

A significant decrease in demand for our services could limit our ability to generate cash flow and affect profitability. Our Credit Agreement and two unsecured senior note agreements have covenants that require stated levels of financial performance, which if not achieved could cause acceleration of the payment schedules. As of June 30, 2009, we were in compliance with these covenants. We do not anticipate a decline in business levels or financial performance in 2009 that would be significant enough to cause us to violate our financial covenants, and we believe the combination of our existing Credit Agreement along with our additional borrowing capacity will be sufficient to meet our short-term and long-term capital needs.

Critical Accounting Policies

In preparing our condensed financial statements, we applied the same critical accounting policies as described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008 that affect judgments and estimates of amounts recorded for certain assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses.

Seasonality

Our tonnage levels and revenue mix are subject to seasonal trends common in the motor carrier industry. Operating margins in the first quarter are normally lower due to reduced shipments during the winter months. Harsh winter weather can also adversely impact our performance by reducing demand and increasing operating expenses. Freight volumes typically build to a peak in the third or early fourth quarter, which generally results in improved operating margins for those periods.

Environmental Regulation

We are subject to various federal, state and local environmental laws and regulations that focus on, among other things: the emission and discharge of hazardous materials into the environment or their presence on or in our properties and vehicles; fuel storage tanks; transportation of certain materials; and the discharge or retention of storm water. Under specific environmental laws, we could also be held responsible for any costs relating to contamination at our past or present facilities and at third-party waste disposal sites. We do not believe that the cost of compliance with environmental laws or regulations will have a material adverse effect on our operations, financial condition, competitive position or capital expenditures for the remainder of fiscal year 2009 or fiscal year 2010.

Forward-Looking Information

Forward-looking statements appear in this report, including but not limited to the preceding "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," and in other written and oral statements made by or on behalf of us. These forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements relating to our goals, strategies, expectations, competitive environment, regulation, availability of resources, future events and future financial performance. Such forward-looking statements are made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements typically can be identified by such words as "anticipate," "estimate," "forecast," "project," "intend," "expect," "believe," "should," "could," "may," or other similar words or expressions. We are subject to numerous risks and uncertainties, including but not limited to those set forth in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008 under Item 1A, "Risk Factors" and in other reports and statements that we file with the SEC. We caution readers that

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such forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties that could cause actual events or results to differ materially from those expressed or implied herein, including, but not limited to, the following:

- the competitive environment with respect to industry capacity and pricing, including the use of fuel surcharges, such that our total overall pricing is sufficient in recovering our operating expenses;
- our ability to collect fuel surcharges and the effectiveness of those fuel surcharges in mitigating the impact of fluctuating fuel prices;
- the negative impact of any unionization, or the passage of legislation that could facilitate unionization, of our employees;
- the challenges associated with executing our growth strategy;
- changes in our goals and strategies, which are subject to change at any time at our discretion;
- various economic factors such as economic recessions and downturns in customers' business cycles and shipping requirements;
- our exposure to claims related to cargo loss and damage, property damage, personal injury, workers' compensation, long-term disability and group health and the cost of insurance coverage above retention levels;
- the availability and cost of capital for our significant ongoing cash requirements;
- the availability and cost of new equipment;
- the decrease in demand and value for used equipment;
- the availability and cost of diesel fuel;
- the costs and potential for liabilities related to compliance with, or violations of, existing or future governmental laws and regulations;
- seasonal trends in the industry, including the possibility of harsh weather conditions;
- our dependence on key employees;
- the costs and potential adverse impact associated with potential future changes in accounting standards or practices;
- the impact caused by potential disruptions to our information technology systems; and
- other risks and uncertainties indicated from time to time in our SEC filings.

Our forward-looking statements are based upon our beliefs and assumptions using information available at the time the statements are made. We caution the reader not to place undue reliance on our forward-looking statements (i) as these statements are neither a prediction nor a guarantee of future events or circumstances and (ii) the assumptions, beliefs, expectations and projections about future events may differ materially from actual results. We undertake no obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statement to reflect developments occurring after the statement is made.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

Market risk represents the risk of loss that may impact our financial position, results of operations and cash flows due to adverse changes in financial market prices and rates.

We are exposed to interest rate risk directly related to loans under our Credit Agreement, which have variable interest rates. A 100 basis point increase in the average interest rate on this agreement would have no material effect on our operating results. We have established policies and procedures to manage exposure to market risks and use major institutions that we believe are creditworthy to minimize credit risk.

We are exposed to market risk for equity investments relating to Company-owned life insurance contracts on certain employees. Variable life insurance contracts expose the Company to fluctuations in equity markets; however, we utilize a third party to manage these assets and minimize that exposure.

We are also exposed to commodity price risk related to diesel fuel prices and manage our exposure to this risk primarily through the application of fuel surcharges.

For further discussion related to these risks, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" included in Item 2 of this report.

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Item 4. Controls and Procedures

a) Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures

As of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report, our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer (“CEO”) and Chief Financial Officer (“CFO”), conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures in accordance with Rule 13a-15 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”). Based on the evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report, our CEO and CFO concluded that, as of such date, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is (a) accumulated and communicated to our management, including our CEO and CFO, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure, and (b) recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC’s rules and forms.

b) Changes in internal control over financial reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during our last fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

We are involved in various legal proceedings and claims that have arisen in the ordinary course of our business that have not been fully adjudicated. Many of these are covered in whole or in part by insurance. Our management does not believe that these actions, when finally concluded and determined, will have a material adverse effect upon our financial position or results of operations.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

In addition to the other information set forth in this report and in our other reports and statements that we file with the SEC, including our quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, careful consideration should be given to the factors discussed in Part I, “Item 1A. Risk Factors” in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008, which could materially affect our business, financial condition or future results. The risks described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K are not the only risks facing our Company. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial also may materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and/or operating results.

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Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

Proposal 1 – Election of Directors

All of the following individuals were elected at the 2009 Annual Meeting of Shareholders held on May 18, 2009 (the “2009 Annual Meeting”) to serve as directors and received the number of votes set opposite their respective names:

<u>Nominee</u>	<u>For</u>	<u>Withheld</u>
Earl E. Congdon	35,192,335	1,090,764
David S. Congdon	35,306,398	976,701
John R. Congdon	34,264,943	2,018,156
J. Paul Breitbart	35,688,446	594,653
John R. Congdon, Jr.	34,189,987	2,093,112
Robert G. Culp, III	35,835,224	447,875
John D. Kasarda	35,845,526	437,573
Leo H. Suggs	35,825,566	457,533
D. Michael Wray	35,841,273	441,826

Proposal 2 – Ratification of the Company’s Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The appointment of Ernst & Young LLP as the Company’s independent registered public accounting firm for the year ending December 31, 2009 was ratified at the 2009 Annual Meeting based on the following vote:

<u>For</u>	<u>Against</u>	<u>Abstain</u>
36,017,605	232,412	33,081

Item 6. Exhibits

<u>Exhibit No.</u>	<u>Description</u>
3.2 (a)	Amended and Restated Bylaws of Old Dominion Freight Line, Inc.
10.19.4	Amendment to the Old Dominion Freight Line, Inc. Phantom Stock Plan
31.1	Certification Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) of the Exchange Act, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2	Certification Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) of the Exchange Act, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1	Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2	Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

(a) Incorporated by reference to the exhibit of the same number contained in the Company’s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 21, 2009.

Our SEC file number reference for documents filed with the SEC pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, is 000-19582.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

OLD DOMINION FREIGHT LINE, INC.

DATE: August 7, 2009

/s/ J. Wes Frye

J. Wes Frye
Senior Vice President – Finance and Chief Financial
Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

DATE: August 7, 2009

/s/ John P. Booker, III

John P. Booker, III
Vice President – Controller
(Principal Accounting Officer)

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**EXHIBIT INDEX
TO QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q**

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Our SEC file number reference for documents filed with the SEC pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, is 000-19582.

**2009 DECLARATION OF AMENDMENT TO
PHANTOM STOCK PLAN**

THIS 2009 DECLARATION OF AMENDMENT, is made effective as of the 18th day of May, 2009 by Old Dominion Freight Line, Inc. (the "Company"), to the Company's Phantom Stock Plan, as amended and restated effective January 1, 2009 (the "Plan").

R E C I T A L S:

WHEREAS, the Board of Directors of the Company has deemed it advisable to amend Section 2.13 of the Plan to permit the Administrator to establish the Fair Market Value of the Company's Common Stock by any method the Administrator determines in good faith, including based on the weighted average of the closing prices of the Company's common stock on the first, second and third trading days immediately preceding the valuation date;

WHEREAS, the Company desires to evidence such amendment by this Declaration of Amendment.

NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS DECLARED that upon approval of this Declaration of Amendment by the Board of Directors on May 18, 2009, the Plan shall be and hereby is amended as follows:

1. Amendment to Section 2.13. Section 2.13 ("Fair Market Value") of the Plan is hereby amended by deleting in its entirety Section 2.13 of the Plan in its current form and substituting therefor the following:

2.13. "Fair Market Value" of a share of Common Stock as of a given date shall be established in good faith by the Administrator. The Administrator may use in its discretion (i) the weighted average of the closing prices of a share of Common Stock (on the principal exchange on which shares of Common Stock are then trading) on the first, second and third trading days immediately preceding such date, or (ii) the closing price of a share of Common Stock on such exchange on the trading day immediately preceding such date, or (iii) any other method as the Administrator may determine in good faith.

2. Continued Effect. Except as set forth herein, the Plan shall be unchanged and shall remain in full force and effect.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, this Declaration of Amendment is executed on behalf of Old Dominion Freight Line, Inc. effective as of the day and year first above written.

OLD DOMINION FREIGHT LINE, INC.

BY: /s/ David S. Congdon

David S. Congdon
President and Chief Executive Officer

ATTEST:

/s/ Joel B. McCarty, Jr.

Joel B. McCarty, Jr.
Secretary

[Corporate Seal]

CERTIFICATION

I, David S. Congdon, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Old Dominion Freight Line, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 7, 2009

/s/ David S. Congdon

President and Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION

I, J. Wes Frye, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Old Dominion Freight Line, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 7, 2009

/s/ J. Wes Frye

Senior Vice President – Finance and Chief
Financial Officer

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906
OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, David S. Congdon, state and attest that:

- (1) I am the President and Chief Executive Officer of Old Dominion Freight Line, Inc. (the "Issuer").
- (2) Accompanying this certification is the Issuer's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2009 (the "Quarterly Report"), a periodic report filed by the Issuer with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), which contains financial statements.
- (3) I hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to my knowledge:
 - The Quarterly Report containing the financial statements fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, and
 - The information contained in the Quarterly Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Issuer for the periods presented.

/s/ David S. Congdon

Name: David S. Congdon

Date: August 7, 2009

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906
OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, J. Wes Frye, state and attest that:

- (1) I am the Senior Vice President – Finance and Chief Financial Officer of Old Dominion Freight Line, Inc. (the “Issuer”).
- (2) Accompanying this certification is the Issuer’s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2009 (the “Quarterly Report”), a periodic report filed by the Issuer with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”), which contains financial statements.
- (3) I hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to my knowledge:
 - The Quarterly Report containing the financial statements fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, and
 - The information contained in the Quarterly Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Issuer for the periods presented.

/s/ J. Wes Frye

Name: J. Wes Frye

Date: August 7, 2009